

PROTECTION OF SOURCE SELECTION INFORMATION

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PURPOSE

- Define "Source Selection Information"
- Discuss ways to protect "Source Selection Information"
- Prevent inappropriate or inadvertent disclosure of "Source Selection Information"

TOPIC OUTLINE

Definitions

Responsibility

Before Receipt of Proposals

After Receipt of Proposals

General Information

Conclusion

DEFINITION

"SOURCE SELECTION INFORMATION"

- Bid prices before contract award,
- Proposed costs or prices from offerors,
- Source selection and technical evaluation plans,
- Technical evaluations, cost or price evaluations, competitive range determinations, rankings, reports of source selection panels,
- Other information marked "Source Selection Information-See FAR 2.101 & 3.104", and
- Information that could jeopardize the integrity of the procurement to which it relates, if disclosed

DEFINITION

"CONTRACTOR BID OR PROPOSAL INFORMATION"

- Cost or pricing data
- Indirect costs and direct labor rates
- Proprietary information marked by the contractor IAW law or regulation
- Information marked as bid/proposal info by the contractor
- Data marked with a restrictive legend

PROTECTION RESPONSIBILITY

WHY PROTECT IT?

A high level of business security must be maintained to *protect the integrity of*the acquisition process

PROTECTION RESPONSIBILITY

WHO'S RESPONSIBLE?

- The <u>PCO</u> is responsible to ensure information obtained from contractors and others outside the Government is not publicized or discussed with potential contractors.
- Except as specifically provided for by FAR 3.104, <u>no person or other entity</u> may disclose contractor bid or proposal information or source selection information to any person other than a person authorized, by laws, regulations, procedures or the contracting officer, to receive such information. Such information must be protected from unauthorized disclosure.

PROTECTION RESPONSIBILITY

WHO'S RESPONSIBLE (Con't.)?

- Any employee who, by virtue of their office, has or had access to source selection information by participating directly or indirectly in any stage of the acquisition cycle.
- Applies to A&AS and FFRDC support contractors through Non-Disclosure agreements in their respective contracts and individual certifications.

RESTRICTIONS ON THE RELEASE OF SOURCE SELECTION INFORMATION

- Information received in confidence from an offeror
- Information protected by FOIA or Privacy Act
- Unsolicited Proposal Information
- Plans that would provide undue or discriminatory advantage to private or personal interests
- Internal agency communications (e.g. technical reviews, PPBS, interagency/intra-agency memos)

SSI released within the Govt needs to be appropriately marked and protected from unauthorized disclosure.

WHAT INFORMATION IS RELEASABLE

- Requirements documents (MNS, Org/Ops Plan)
- Historical technical info
- Program technical descriptions and schedules
- Draft/final planning documents (IPS, SAMP, ASP) (may need redacting to protect PPBS data, FOIA protected info, etc)
- Key planned acquisition milestones
- Budget/funding profiles
- Draft RFP documents

<u>KEEP IN MIND</u> the version publicly released is no longer considered SSI, but changes to that version may be SSI.

CONDITIONS FOR RELEASE

- The information is publicized as widely as practicable to all parties simultaneously
- Classified information is released through existing security channels IAW security regulations



EXAMPLE METHODS OF RELEASING INFORMATION

- Program Document Library
- Electronic Bulletin Board/Web Page
- Personal discussions between authorized parties (One-on-One's, VTC, Phone)
- Electronic Posting System (EPS/CBD)
- Facsimile
- Encrypted E-mail/E-mail within a LAN system
- Public meetings with industry

PRINCIPLE OF EQUAL TREATMENT

- Offerors are entitled to equal access to information necessary for submitting a thorough proposal
- Refrain from disclosure of information which gives an offeror an unfair competitive advantage
- Consider any perceived or actual evidence of favoritism or other improper activity and the effect it will have on competition

BEST PRACTICES

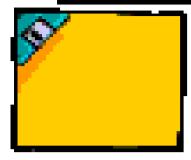
- Always ensure publicly posted electronic data is "Read Only"
- Always open electronic documents

 BEFORE they are posted on a website or
 CBD/EPS, or e-mailed to verify the that
 files are the one's you intend to send and
 are the correct version

BEST PRACTICES

- Always verify that disseminated information is properly marked (e.g. SSI, FOUO, Contractor Bid/Proposal Info, Security Classification, NOFORN)
- Always verify **BEFORE** you send it, that disseminated information is sent only to recipients authorized access to the information

Be curious! If in doubt, ask someone!



BEST PRACTICES

- Train <u>ALL</u> members of the acquisition team in protection of SSI early in the acquisition development
- Include detailed policy/instructions for protecting SSI in Source Selection Evaluation Guide (SSEG)
- Ensure ALL members of the SSET are knowledgeable of the contents of the SSEG

Proposals shall be safeguarded from unauthorized disclosure throughout the source selection process

SOURCE SELECTION AUTHORITY (SSA) RESPONSIBILITIES

- Ensure the entire Source Selection Evaluation Team understands:
 - the policy and procedures regarding SSI
 - unauthorized disclosure of SSI

PCO RESPONSIBILITIES

- Manage all business aspects of acquisition
- Issue notice of source selection initiation to appropriate parties
- Control disclosure of SSI during evaluation
- Has full authority to approve release or access to SSI after award

SOURCE SELECTION EVALUATION TEAM (SSET) CHAIR RESPONSIBILITIES

- Ensure proper and efficient conduct of the source selection process
- Ensure all people receiving SSI are instructed to comply with applicable standards of conduct and sign SSI Briefing Certificate

SOURCE SELECTION ADVISORY COUNCIL (SSAC) CHAIR RESPONSIBILITIES

- Ensure SSAC is knowledgeable of the source selection process
- Ensure all SSAC members receiving SSI are instructed to comply with applicable standards of conduct and to sign SSI Briefing Certificate

- Authorized Methods to Transmit SSI
 - Facsimile
 - Mail hardcopy or CD/disk
 - In-person delivery to Offeror/pick-up by Offeror
 - FedEx, DHL, etc.
- At SMC, e-mail is NOT an authorized method for transmission of SSI after receipt of proposals

Caveat: All hardcopy and electronic data must be clearly marked with appropriate legends (FAR 3.104-5(c))

BEST PRACTICES

- Assign each proposal a distinctive color for marking offeror documents and password/file name for electronic data
- Clearly mark ALL evaluation data with identity of offeror – ALL PAGES, ALL FILES
- ALL people generating SSI carefully review their data to ensure it is appropriately marked

BEST PRACTICES (Con't)

- Preparing data for release
 - Two person Gov't team verifies each package is correctly identified with the offeror name
 - Annotate time and date of review
 - Paper files will be reviewed <u>cover to cover</u>
 - Electronic media will be opened and reviewed <u>in it's</u> entirety, including "notes" and "links
 - Submit to PCO for review
 - Including envelope, FAX cover sheet, etc.

BEST PRACTICES (Con't)

- PCO <u>personally</u> reviews all data sent to offerors to ensure ALL data pertains to offeror identified on transmittal documents
- Any necessary changes are reviewed by the PCO prior to release
- Documents are released immediately after last PCO review to preclude changes
- A checklist for Protection of SSI is prepared, initialed by the PCO, and filed in the contract file

General Information

UNAUTHORIZED TRANSMISSIONS

- Discussion of SSI with or in the presence of unauthorized personnel.
- Any hard copy or electronic transmission without properly marking the document
- Non-encrypted e-mail OUTSIDE the SMC LAN without express authorization from all affected parties

EXCEPTION TO ENCRYPTED E-MAIL

- Parties agree to use un-encrypted e-mail to benefit from speed of commercial e-mail
- Contractors are notified of intention not to encrypt and provide their written agreement to the PCO
- Parties agree to mutually acceptable means of protecting information (e.g. password protection)

THINGS TO CONSIDER

- Historical information may contain "Contractor bid or proposal information"
- Electronic reports, slides, etc. may include the capability to "drill down" to proprietary information used to build the final document
- Information relating to an acquisition, regardless of source, may be unmarked or improperly marked with applicable legends

Know the sensitivity of information BEFORE it's sent!!

THINGS TO CONSIDER

- A&AS and FFRDC Support
 - Determine early what support is needed
 - Verify existing contracts contain appropriate scope or if a DDD is necessary
 - Ensure existing contracts contain appropriate non-disclosure agreements
 - Determine if internal contractor conflict of interest measures are needed
 - Notify prospective offerors; obtain consent

Plan support early to avoid delays!

Check, Double Check, and be Certain!!

CONCLUSION

• Protection of Source Selection Information is <u>EVERYONE'S</u> responsibility!

• ZERO DEFECTS is the only Standard!